Virtual Observatory activities in the AMIGA group

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Abstract The AMIGA project (Analysis of the interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies) is an international collaboration led from the Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía (CSIC). The group's experience in radio astronomy databases turned, as a natural evolution, into an active participation in the development of data archives and radio astronomy software. The contributions of the group to the VO have been mostly oriented towards the deployment of large VO compliant databases and the development of access interfaces (IRAM 30m Pico Veleta, DSS-63 70m in Robledo de Chavela).

We also have been working in the development of an API for VO tools that will ease access to VO registries and communication between different VO software. A collaboration with the Kapteyn Astronomical Institute has started recently in order to perform a complete renovation of the only existing high-level software (GIPSY) for the analysis of datacubes, allowing its fully integration in the VO.

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2 Ruíz, J.E. et al.

1 Introduction

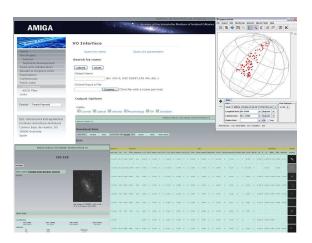
The AMIGA¹ project is an international scientific collaboration led from the Instituto de Astrofísica de Andalucía (CSIC). It focuses on a multiwavelength analysis of the interstellar medium of an statistically significant sample of isolated galaxies, in order to provide a pattern of behaviour to the study of galaxies in denser environments.

The compilation of a strictly selected sample of more than 1000 isolated galaxies, including optical, IR, radio line and continuum measures has formed a group with an important experience in access to radio astronomical databases. At the same time, the exploitation of the data justifies the need to develop high-level tools for accessing and analyzing data coming from the Virtual Observatory.

2 The AMIGA VO Catalog

The AMIGA catalog is fully accessible from a web interface² or via ConeSearch [12] VO service registered in ESA-VO Regsitry³. In the web access interface the data can be requested either searching by the object's name or using a combination of parameters (distance, velocity, etc.) in order to produce your own subsample, in HTML, ASCII or VOTable [6] format. The interface provides some links that allow the output to be sent to Topcat [10] or Aladin [7]. The AMIGA VO Catalog has been registered in the DCA Census of European Data Centres⁴.

Fig. 1 The AMIGA VO Catalog web interface. User-friendly query forms allow access to a large variety of data where output format and the type of data requested may be chosen by the user. The output can be sent to other VO software, not necessarily locally installed, in order to analyze the information requested. The AMIGA VO Catalog is frequently updated with new data.



¹ Analysis of the interstellar Medium of Isolated GAlaxies

² http://www.iaa.es/AMIGA.html

³ http://esavo.esa.int/registry/

⁴ http://cds.u-strasbg.fr/twikiDCA/bin/view/EuroVODCA/DCACensus

3 Archives

The AMIGA group expertise in access to radio astronomical databases and the implementation of the AMIGA VO Catalog described in Sect. 2 led, as a next step, to the deployment of VO compliant archives and the development of access interfaces and VO services.

3.1 RADAMS

As no suitable data model existed for single-dish radio astronomy, and in order to develop a VO-compliant archive for single-dish antennas, a complete radio data model had to be defined. RADAMS [9] (Radio Astronomical DAta Model for Single-dish multiple-feed telescopes) is the first proposed VO data model for single-dish observations. It has been released as an IVOA note⁵ within the Current Data Modelling Efforts.

It is based upon existing IVOA⁶ data models, but it specifies the linking between those different data models, plus all the attributes that are needed for proper archival and retrieval of single dish observations, such as observing mode, switching mode, and the like. Its design comes from the development of a data model for the DSS-63 antenna archive, plus feedback from our team mates from IRAM to better adapt it to the IRAM 30m antenna at Pico Veleta.

3.2 The DSS-63 VO Archive

The development of the DSS-63 VO archive is being done in collaboration with the LAEFF-INTA. The station DSS-63 is the largest antenna in MDSCC⁷ in Robledo de Chavela. According to an international agreement, up to 5% of its operational time is routinely scheduled for radio astronomical observations in K-band (18 to 26 GHz).

Every year, raw and reduced data associated to observations made by DSS-63 70m antenna are saved in logfiles and FITS [4] files. The DSS-63 VO Archive is filled thanks to a datafiller developed in Python scripting which also converts DSS-63 FITS files to standard formatted spectral FITS files readable by VO tools as VOSpec [8]. The data will be accessed from a web interface and through Cone-Search [12] and SSAP [11] VO services.

⁵ http://www.ivoa.net/cgi-bin/twiki/bin/view/IVOA/RADAMS

⁶ International Virtual Observatory Alliance

⁷ Madrid Deep Space Communication Complex

4 Ruíz, J.E. et al.

3.3 The IRAM 30m VO Archive

Observations associated to more than 200 scientific projects are carried out each year in the IRAM 30m antenna. This generates more than 1 TB of data covering three spectral bands in radio frequencies 80-115 GHz, 130-183 GHz and 200-280 GHz where mostly molecular rotational transitions can be detected.

The development of the IRAM 30m VO archive is being done in collaboration with IRAM. TAPAS⁸ is an archive of headers data, the data model is based on RADAMS [9] and on IRAM 30m NCS⁹ data structure. The archive is filled in real time thanks to a datafiller developed in Python scripting. A prototype for the web access interface has been designed following scientific use cases. It will allow data retrieval via user-friendly forms, in addition to ConeSearch [12] and SSAP [11] VO services.

Fig. 2 Based upon use cases requested among advanced users, the IRAM 30m VO archive interface prototype is the template for the upcoming functional web interface. It will allow accessing headers data from projects, sources, scans, etc. The output formats will be chosen by the user (VOTable, HTML, ASCII) besides the filter criteria. Developed following VO standards it will bring in addition VO services for external querying.



4 Tools

Interoperability [3] is the *Rosetta Stone* of the Virtual Observatory. It does not only allow concurrent access to distributed, heterogeneous data, but also enables VO soft to communicate. The SAMP [2] (Simple Access Message Protocol) offers new born VO tools with all the functionalities coming from existing VO packages. Since they can communicate and share data sets, they form a huge VO meta-software in a continuously evolving ecosystem.

⁸ Telescope Archive Public Access System

⁹ New Control System

4.1 MOVOIR

We are working on the development and application of techniques that will ease interoperability and communication in the VO context. The MOVOIR¹⁰ is a ongoing effort that aims to combine existing VO open source tools (Astro Runtime [13], Plastic [1] client and server, and STIL [10] library) in order to produce an easily embeddable modular interface for radio astronomy tools and providing clean interfacing with the RADAMS [9].

MOVOIR is being implemented in different software packages like MASSA¹¹ and MADCUBA¹² from the DAMIR¹³ group.

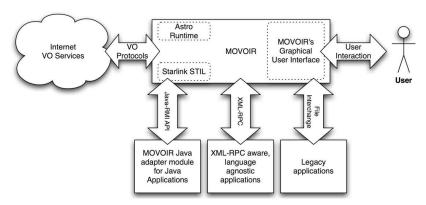


Fig. 3 MOVOIR's architecture.

4.2 GIPSY: a multidimensional future

The scientific goals of the AMIGA project are based on the analysis of a significant amount of datacubes. We have started a collaboration with the Kapteyn Astronomical Institute in order to develop a new VO compliant package, including present GIPSY's [5] core functionalities and new ones based on use cases elaborated with advanced users. One of the main goals is to provide local interoperability between GIPSY and other VO tools. In addition, the connectivity with the VO environment will provide access to 3D data VO archives, and ALMA datacubes in particular. For this purpose, a special effort need to be done in order to provide mature standards for datacubes access VO protocols.

¹⁰ MOdular Virtual Observatory Interface for Radio-astronomy

¹¹ MAdrid Single Spectra Analysis

¹² MAdrid Data CUBe Analysis

¹³ Department of Molecular and Infrared Astrophysics - CSIC

6 Ruíz, J.E. et al.

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